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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/615,420	07/09/2003	Ilkka Westman	059643.00260	7974
32294	7590	04/09/2007	EXAMINER	
SQUIRE, SANDERS & DEMPSEY L.L.P. 14TH FLOOR 8000 TOWERS CRESCENT TYSONS CORNER, VA 22182			FRINK, JOHN MOORE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2142	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/615,420	WESTMAN ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	John M. Frink	2142

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _____.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-45 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-45 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 1,29,31,37,38,39 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All
 - b) Some *
 - c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ . |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10/22/2004, 4/11/2005</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____. |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1, 29, 31, 37, 38 and 39 are objected to because of the following informalities: *signaling* and *signaled* are misspelled. Appropriate correction is required.
2. Claim 33 is objected to because of the following informalities: it references the 'system as claimed *in any of claims 29*'. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

2. Claims 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 14, 17, 20, 24 – 29, 36 - 39, 42, 44 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by 3GPP TS 24.229 version 5.3.0 Release 5, hereafter referred to as 229.
3. Regarding claim 1, 229 shows a service provisioning method in a communication system, the method comprising the steps of: receiving at a first entity associated with the communication system from a storage entity, information regarding a communication control entity capable of servicing a user of the communication system; and based on said information, signaling an originating request from the first entity to the communication control entity

(Section 5.7.3), where the HSS in 229 corresponds to said storage entity and where the S-CSCF in 229 corresponds to said control entity.

4. Regarding claim 3, 229 shows where the originating request includes an indication that further communications associated with the originating request shall be handled in a similar manner as if the request had originated from the user (Section 5.7.3).

5. Regarding claim 6, 229 shows where the first entity generates the originating request on the behalf of the user (Section 5.7.3).

6. Regarding claim 7, 229 shows where the originating request is generated based on information regarding an address of the communication control entity (Section 5.7.3).

7. Regarding claim 8, 229 shows where the first entity modifies said information regarding the address of the communication control entity before sending the originating request (Section 5.7.3).

8. Regarding claim 14, 229 shows where the information received from the storage entity comprises an Universal Resource Identifier (URI) of the communication control entity (Section 5.7.3), where the address corresponds to said URI.

9. Regarding claim 17, 229 shows sending an enquiry to a database from the first entity before sending of the originating request, said enquiry being based on the information regarding the communication control entity (Section 5.7.3).

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10. Regarding claim 20, 229 shows sending an enquiry from the first entity for said information regarding the communication control entity capable of servicing the user (Section 5.7.3).

11. Regarding claim 24, 229 shows where the originating request is indicative of filter criteria to be applied to the request (Sections 5.4.3.1 and 5.7.3).

12. Regarding claim 25, 229 shows where the first entity comprises an application server (Section 5.7.3).

13. Regarding claim 26, 229 shows where the communication control entity comprises a servicing call session control function (Section 5.7.3).

14. Regarding claim 27, 229 shows where the storage entity comprises a user information storage entity (Section 5.7.3).

15. Regarding claim 28, 229 shows where the user information storage entity is one of a home subscriber server, a subscriber location function, a service and a Subscription repository (Section 5.7.3).

16. Regarding claim 29, 229 shows a communication control entity capable of servicing a user of the communication system; a first entity provided with a first interface for receiving information from a storage entity regarding the user and a second interface for signaling an originating request to the communication control entity based on said information from the storage entity (Section 5.7.3).

17. Regarding claims 36 and 45, 229 shows where the originating request is indicative of filter criteria to be applied to the request (Section 5.7.3).

18. Regarding claim 37, 229 shows an application server for a communication system, the application server comprising a first interface for receiving

information from a storage entity regarding a user of the communication system and a second interface for signaling an originating request to a communication control entity capable of servicing the user based on said information from the storage entity (Section 5.7.3).

19. Regarding claim 38, 229 shows an originating request to be signaled on an interface between a first entity of a communication system and a communication control entity capable of servicing a user of the communication system, the originating request being generated based on information from a user information storage entity.

20. Regarding claim 39, 229 shows a communication system arranged for service provisioning, the system comprising: receiving means for receiving at a first entity associated with the communication system from a storage entity, information regarding a communication control entity capable of servicing a user of the communication system; and signaling means for signaling an originating request from the first entity to the communication control entity based on said information (Section 5.7.3).

21. Regarding claim 42, 229 shows where the sending means is configured to send the enquiry before the originating request is sent, and said enquiry being based on the information regarding the communication control entity (Section 5.7.3).

22. Regarding claim 44, 229 shows where wherein information regarding at least two different addresses for the communication control entity information is stored in the storage entity (Section 5.7.3).

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23. Regarding claim 45, 229 shows where the originating request is indicative of filter criteria to be applied to the request (Sections 5.4.3.1 and 5.7.3).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

24. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

25. Claims 2, 4, 5, 16, 30, 33 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 229 in view of 3GPP 23.218 version 5.3.0 Release 5, hereafter referred to as 218.

26. Regarding claims 2 and 40, 229 shows the method of claims 1 and 39. 229 does not show where the originating request includes information regarding the handling of communications associated with the request.

218 shows where the originating request includes information regarding the handling of communications associated with the request (Section 5.2 pages 12 - 13, Section 6.3 pages 15 - 16).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 with that of 218 because 229 and 218 are both technical specifications produced by the same organization for the common purpose of elaborating the developing 3GPP standard and the information contained within 218 and 229 is intended to be used together.

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27. Regarding claim 4, 229 in view of 218 further show where either terminating services or originating services are provided based on the request (218, Sections 6.4 and 6.5).
28. Regarding claim 5, 229 in view of 218 further show deciding in the first entity how the communication control entity shall handle further communications associated with the request (218 Section 9.1 pages 24 – 27).
29. Regarding claim 16, 229 in view of 218 further show where the information received from the storage entity comprises a service type indicator parameter (218 Sections 6.3 and 6.4).
30. Regarding claim 30, 229 in view of 218 further show where the originating request includes information regarding handling of communications associated with the request (Section 5.2 pages 12 - 13, Section 6.3 pages 15 - 16).
31. Regarding claim 33, 229 in view of 218 further show a database for storing service related information (218 Sections 5.1 and 6.3).
32. Claims 9, 10, 13, 21, 22, 23, 31, 32, 35, 41 and 44 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 229 in view of Kauppinen et al. (WO 02/09365 A1), hereafter referred to as WO.
33. Regarding claim 9, 229 discloses the method of claim 1.
229 does not disclose where the first entity adds a service type indicator into the originating request.
WO discloses where the first entity adds a service type indicator into the originating request (pg. 15, line 18 – pg. 16 line 16), where a flag included in the request is used to indicate the service type.

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 with that of WO as both 229 and WO detail communication methods involving setup between a user and various Call State Control Function (CSCF) systems and a Home Subscriber Server (HSS), where WO enables simplifying the communications network which both WO and 229 utilize.

34. Regarding claim 10, 229 in view of WO further disclose where service type indicator is included in an address of the communication control entity, specifically where WO col. 20 line 20 – col. 21 line 12 shows where the address itself servers as the service type indicator, and alternatively, WO pg. 19 line 8 – pg. 20 line 7 shows where the port number serves as the service type indicator.

35. Regarding claim 13, 229 in view of WO further disclose the first entity selects a port where the request shall be sent (pg. 18 line 27 – pg. 19 line 20, pg. 25, lines 24 – 30, pg. 26 lines 20 – 30).

36. Regarding claims 21 and 35, 229 in view of WO further disclose where information regarding at least two different addresses for the communication control entity information is stored in the storage entity (pg. 20 line 21 – pg. 21 line 12).

37. Regarding claim 22, 229 in view of WO further disclose at least two different addresses are fetched from the storage entity by the first entity before sending of said request, specifically where the HSS corresponds to the storage entity, which contains two address, one for an I-CSCF and one for an S-CSCF (WO pg. 20 line 21 – pg. 21 line 12).

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38. Regarding claim 23, 229 in view of WO further disclose where one of said at least two different addresses is fetched from the storage entity by the first entity before sending of said request (WO pg. 20 line 21 – pg. 21 line 12).

39. Regarding claim 31, 229 in view of WO further disclose where the origination request signaled on the interface between the first entity and the communication includes a service type indicator (pg. 15, line 18 – pg. 16 line 16), where a flag included in the request is used to indicate the service type.

40. Regarding claim 32, 229 in view of WO further disclose specifically where WO col. 20 line 20 – col. 21 line 12 shows where the address itself servers as the service type indicator, and alternatively, WO pg. 19 line 8 – pg. 20 line 7 shows where the port number serves as the service type indicator.

41. Regarding claim 35, 229 in view of WO further disclose where the storage entity stores information regarding at least two different addresses for the communication control entity (pg. 20 line 21 – pg. 21 line 12).

42. Regarding claim 41, 229 in view of WO further disclose where the information received from the storage entity comprises a service type indicator parameter. (pg. 15, line 18 – pg. 16 line 16), where a flag included in the request is used to indicate the service type.

43. Regarding claim 44, 229 in view of WO further disclose where information regarding at least two different addresses for the communication control entity information is stored in the storage entity. (pg. 20 line 21 – pg. 21 line 12).

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44. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 229 in view of WO as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Banerjee (US 2003/0053441 A1).

229 in view of WO shows claim 10.

229 in view of WO does not show where the service type indicator is included in a user part or domain part of the address.

Banerjee shows how the entire address, including the user and domain part determines where the request is routed (Banerjee [0008]), which determines the service type (WO; pg. 20 line 21 – pg. 21 line 11).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 and WO with that of Banerjee as the Internet Protocol address system, including the user and domain parts of the address, was designed to be used in its entirety to determine how to handle messages.

45. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over anticipated by 209 in view of Foti et al. (US 2002/0027915 A1).

229 shows the method of claim 1.

229 does not show where the information received from the storage entity comprises a name of the communication control entity.

Foti et al. shows the information received from the storage entity comprises a name of the communication control entity (Fig. 1A, 1B, [0022]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 with that of Foti et al. in order to

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utilize a standard and common method that utilizes an easy-to-remember and enter key (in this case, the name) in order to connect to a remote device.

46. Claims 18 and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 209 in view of RFC 2782 (<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2782>).

229 show the method of claim 1 and 17.

229 do not show where the first entity enquires for SRV records of a Domain Name system for obtaining routing information regarding a desired service.

RFC 2782 shows where the first entity enquires for SRV records of a Domain Name system for obtaining routing information regarding a desired service (pg. 1, 'Overview and rationale' section).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 with that of RFC 2782 in order to utilize RFC 2782 for the purpose for which it was created; to illustrate a standardized method of utilizing DNS SRV.

47. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 209 in view of RFC 2168 (<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2168>).

229 show the method of claim 1.

229 do not show where the first entity enquires for Naming Authority Pointer (NAPTR) resource records to find out available services.

RFC 2168 show the first entity enquires for Naming Authority Pointer (NAPTR) resource records to find out available services (pg. 1, Abstract).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 with that of RFC 2168 in order to utilize RFC 2782 for the purpose for which it was created; to illustrate a standardized method of utilizing the NAPTR.

48. Claims 33 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 229 in view of Faccin et al. (US 2001/0049790 A1).

229 show the method of claim 1.

229 do not show where the database comprises a Domain Name system.

Faccin et al. shows a database for storing service related information, specifically where the database comprises a Domain Name system (Fig. 1, [0027]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of 229 in view of 218 with that of Faccin et al. in order to utilize a common standardized method of storing and retrieving system related information, specifically the Domain name system.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John M. Frink whose telephone number is (571) 272-9686. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30AM - 5:00PM EST; off alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Caldwell can be reached on (571)272-3868. The

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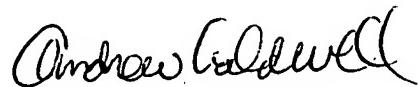
fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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